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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/072,988	0/072,988 02/12/2002		Chris E. Rowen	OTG0002-US	3521
21912	7590	12/22/2005		EXAMINER	
	•	AMES LLP BLVD #200	LESNIEWSKI	LESNIEWSKI, VICTOR D	
CUPERTINO, CA 95014				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2152	·

DATE MAILED: 12/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/072,988	ROWEN, CHRIS E.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Victor Lesniewski	2152				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 No	<u>ovember 2005</u> .					
·=	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-44 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-44 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the option of o	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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- 1. The amendment filed 11/1/2005 has been placed of record in the file.
- 2. Claims 1, 8, 15, 21, 25, 30, and 37 have been amended.
- 3. Claims 1-44 are now pending.
- 4. The applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the following new grounds of rejection.

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

5. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. The applicant's submission filed on 11/1/2005 has been entered.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-3, 5-10, 12-18, 20-23, 25-32, 34-39, and 41-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paul (U.S. Patent Number 5,999,932) in view of Cloutier et al.

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(U.S. Patent Number 6,535,586), hereinafter referred to as Cloutier, further in view of Kephart (U.S. Patent Number 6,732,149).

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- 8. Paul disclosed a system that uses data matching for identifying emails desired by a user. In an analogous art, Cloutier disclosed a method for generating a unique code for email messages in a system for the notification and retrieval of stored email. Also in an analogous art, Kephart disclosed an email system that automatically extracts detection data that permits the detection of a specific email or a variant thereof.
- 9. Concerning claim 1, and like claims, Paul did not explicitly state computing a message tag from at least a portion of the plurality of message properties or using a single shared index file. However, Cloutier's system is focused on the generation of unique codes or tags for email messages. Although Paul utilizes singular inclusion lists or index files for each user, it would be a clear extension of his system to move this functionality to a server or like device that would maintain an index file for the whole system. This is also evidenced by Cloutier who utilizes a messaging system server for completing the email processing for all the users in the system. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the system of Paul by adding the ability to compute a message tag from at least a portion of the plurality of message properties and use a single shared index file as provided by Cloutier. Here the combination satisfies the need for a system to more efficiently sort email messages. See Paul, column 1, lines 9-13. This rationale also applies to those dependent claims utilizing the same combination.
- 10. Concerning claim 1, and like claims, the combination of Paul and Cloutier did not explicitly state storing the tag based on a determination that the message is not a duplicate

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message. However, email filtering systems that determine whether or not a message is a duplicate message were well known at the time of the applicant's invention as evidenced by Kephart. Kephart uses various signatures and hashes to analyze an incoming email against a list of email properties and make sure that the incoming email is not a duplicate message. Further, Kephart's system completes update processes depending on the result of the message determination. When the message is not a duplicate, the system creates and saves a new cluster (a combination of specific attribute and hash data) for the message. This process is similar to the usage and storage of tags in the combination of Paul and Cloutier. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the combination of Paul and Cloutier by adding the ability to store the tag based on a determination that the message is not a duplicate message as provided by Kephart. Here the combination satisfies the need for a system to more efficiently sort email messages. See Paul, column 1, lines 9-13. This rationale also applies to those dependent claims utilizing the same combination.

11. Concerning claims 5 and 6, and like claims, the combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart did not explicitly state computing the message tag by concatenating the sender's name, the sender's submission time, and the subject. However, the combination does state computing tags by concatenating data from an email header, especially noting the use of the "Date" and "From" fields. Although the sender's name is not explicit, this would be a clear extension of data in a "From" field of an email header. Although the sender's submission time is not explicit, this would be a clear extension of data in a "Date" field of an email header as various dates and times are often used in email headers. Although the subject is not explicit, this would be a clear extension of the system since the system utilizes data from the email header and an email subject

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line is exemplary of such data. Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart by adding the ability to compute the message tag by concatenating the sender's name, the sender's submission time, and the subject.

- 12. Some claims will be discussed together. Those claims which are essentially the same except that they set forth the claimed invention as an alternative method or a system are rejected under the same rationale applied to the described claim.
- 13. Thereby, the combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart discloses:
  - <Claims 1, 8, 15, 21, 30, and 37>

A method for identifying a unique electronic mail message in a plurality of electronic email messages extracted from an electronic mail messaging system, the method comprising: retrieving a message from a mailbox on the electronic mail messaging system, the message including a plurality of message properties (Paul, column 8, lines 22-24); computing a message tag from at least a portion of the plurality of message properties (Cloutier, column 6, lines 7-13); reviewing a list of message tags (Paul, column 8, lines 24-27) stored in a single shared index file (Cloutier, column 3, lines 43-61); determining whether the message is not a duplicate message based upon whether the message tag is found in the single shared index file; and storing the message tag in the single shared index file if the message is not a duplicate message (Paul, column 8, lines 24-34 and Kephart, column 6, line 56 through column 7, line 42, notably "else...message." at column 7, lines 14-17).

Claims 8 and 30 also contain limitations similar to Claim 5 discussed below.

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• <Claims 2, 17, 22, and 38>

The method of claim 1, wherein the message tag is computed by concatenating at least two properties selected from the plurality of message properties (Cloutier, column 6, lines 7-13).

• <Claims 3, 10, 18, 23, 28, 32, 39, and 44>

The method of claim 2, wherein the message tag is further computed by applying a hash algorithm to the message tag to form a uniform string, wherein the uniform string has a predetermined length (Cloutier, column 6, lines 7-13).

• <Claims 5, 9, 16, 26, 31, and 42>

The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of message properties includes a sender's name and a sender's submission time, and wherein the message tag is computed by concatenating the sender's name to the sender's submission time (Cloutier, column 6, lines 7-13 and obviousness).

<Claims 6, 27, 34, and 43>

The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of message properties includes a sender's name, a sender's submission time and a subject, and wherein the message tag is computed by concatenating the sender's name and the subject to the sender's submission time (Cloutier, column 6, lines 7-13 and obviousness).

• <Claims 7, 13, 20, 29, and 35>

The method of claim 1, wherein the index file is stored in a relational database system (Cloutier, figure 1, item 120).

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• <Claims 12, 25, and 41>

The method of claim 8, wherein the first mailbox and the second mailbox are different mailboxes on the electronic mail messaging system (Paul, column 7, lines 42-45).

<Claims 14 and 36>

The method of claim 8, wherein the message archive is a relational database system (Paul, column 7, lines 45-51).

Since the combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart discloses all of the above limitations, claims 1-3, 5-10, 12-18, 20-23, 25-32, 34-39, and 41-44 are rejected.

- 14. Claims 4, 11, 19, 24, 33, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paul in view of Cloutier further in view of Kephart, as applied above, further in view of Sundsted (U.S. Patent Number 5,999,967).
- 15. The combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart disclosed a system that uses data matching for identifying emails desired by a user and can generate a unique code for emails. In an analogous art, Sundsted disclosed a method for sorting email that uses electronic stamps which contain a hash field.
- 16. Concerning claim 4, and like claims, the combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart did not explicitly state the use of an MD5 hash algorithm. However, the combination does use a hash algorithm and MD5 was well known in the art as evidenced by Sundsted whose email sorting system utilizes MD5. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the combination of Paul, Cloutier, and Kephart by adding the ability to use an MD5 hash algorithm as provided by Sundsted. Here the combination

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satisfies the need for a system to more efficiently sort email messages. See Paul, column 1, lines 9-13.

17. Thereby, the combination of Paul, Cloutier, Kephart, and Sundsted discloses:

<Claims 4, 11, 19, 24, 33, and 40>

The method of claim 3, wherein the hash algorithm is an MD5 hash algorithm (Sundsted, column 7, lines 12-15).

Since the combination of Paul, Cloutier, Kephart, and Sundsted discloses all of the above limitations, claims 4, 11, 19, 24, 33, and 40 are rejected.

## Conclusion

- 18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the applicant's disclosure.
  - Yeager (U.S. Patent Number 6,167,402) disclosed a high performance message store that
    uses an index file containing cells which store index information characterizing an
    associated message.
  - Drummond et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,691,156) disclosed an email filtering system in which an email is accepted for delivery to a client only if it is from an address that has been verified by an email server and/or approved by a recipient.
  - Bates et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,779,021) disclosed an email classifying system in
    which received emails are analyzed to determine patterns of similarity and a selection of
    similar emails are predicted and classified as potentially undesirable based on the
    analysis.

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19. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Victor Lesniewski whose telephone number is 571-272-3987. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bunjob Jaroenchonwanit can be reached on 571-272-3913. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Victor Lesniewski Patent Examiner Group Art Unit 2152

PRIMAEY EXAMINER